

Mayville State University
Mayville, ND
(Member of the North Dakota University System)

Drug-Free Schools and Campuses Regulations [EDGAR Part 86] Biennial Review: 2019

November 2019

Table of Contents

I.	Introduction / Overview	2
II.	Biennial Review Process	
	A. Biennial Review Preparer	
	B. Location of Biennial Review	
III.	Annual Policy Notification Process	
	A. Content of Alcohol/Drug Abuse Prevention Statement	
	B. Notification Process for Employees	
	C. Notification Process for Students	
IV.	Alcohol and Other Drug (AOD) Prevalence Rate, Incidence Rate,	
	Needs Assessment, and Trend Data	5
V.	AOD Policy, Enforcement, and Compliance Inventory	6
	A. Policies	
	1. Federal Drug Free Campus Policy	(
	2. Drug and Alcohol Abuse	
	3. Dry Campus Policy	
	4. Student Code of Conduct – particularly relating to Alcohol and Other Drugs	7
	5. Alcoholic Beverages - Payment from University Accounts	
	6. Alcoholic Beverages - Sale, Serving, and Consumption	7
	7. Tailgating	
	8. Alcoholic Beverages- Campus Housing	<u>c</u>
	9. Substance Abuse Policy – Campus Housing	<u>c</u>
	10. Guidelines for Fraternity and Sorority Use of Alcohol	
	11. Smoke Free/Tobacco Free Campus	10
	12. Amnesty/Responsible Action/Good Samaritan Protocol Policies	10
	13. Athletic Department Alcohol and Other Drug Use Policy	10
	14. Athletic Department Alcohol and Other Drug Testing Policy	10
	15. Employee Assistance Program Referral Policy	11
	16. Financial Aid Drug Convictions Policy	11
	17. Sexual Assault and other Violence related policies that relate to	
	alcohol/other drug use	11
	18. Alcohol/Drug Use in the Classroom Policies	12
	19. Alcohol Poisoning Protocols	12
	B. Oversight of Policy	12
	1. Administration of Policy	12
	2. Discipline/Sanctioning/Adjudication of Policy	13
	C. Enforcement	14
	D. Record of Violations	14
VII.	AOD Comprehensive Program Goals and Objectives for Biennium Period	
VIII.	AOD Strengths, Weaknesses	17
IX.	Conclusion	
X.	Appendices	20

I. Introduction / Overview

Mayville State University is committed to an environment that supports the academic success and health of our staff and students and has a Drug-Free Campus Program that serves to provide the campus with activities and services designed to encourage a healthy and drug-free lifestyle.

In keeping with the requirements of the Drug-Free Schools and Campuses Regulations [EDGAR Part 86], Mayville State University has policies which address the misuse of alcohol and the use or abuse of other drugs. The University also has

policies that describe standards of conduct that clearly prohibit the unlawful possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol by students and employees on University property or as part of any University sponsored activities. See these **Selected Prohibited Acts related to Alcohol**.

From the Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities and Student Disciplinary Processes:

4.01 Possession of alcohol except when permitted — the Unauthorized Use of Alcoholic Beverages includes the possession, distribution, sale and or solicitation of, or consumption of, alcoholic beverages except during events or in circumstances authorized by University Officials and/or failure to comply with state or University regulations regarding the use or sale of alcoholic beverages.

From the North Dakota Century Code (Codified State Law):

Individuals under twenty-one years of age prohibited from using alcoholic beverages...

From the ND State Board of Higher Education Policy Manual, Section 918, Alcoholic Beverages

- The possession, sale, service, use, or consumption of alcoholic beverages upon land or in buildings at institutions under control of the Board is prohibited, except as authorized by the institution's president.
- 3. Alcoholic beverages may not be purchased with public funds unless the alcoholic beverages will be used for authorized training or educational purposes.

From the Residence Halls Handbook:

a. Alcohol

The North Dakota State Board of Higher Education prohibits

- the presence of alcoholic beverages within campus residence halls;
- alcoholic beverage distribution, storage, or consumption;
- the storage or display of alcoholic containers, including empty alcohol containers, on state university property.

Students are expected to abide by local ordinances and state laws regarding the consumption or possession of alcoholic beverages. In addition, beverages that are sold as "imitation alcohol products" are not allowed. Individuals in the presence of alcohol or other drugs are subject to conduct procedures. Violation of this policy and/or other policies impacting your fellow residents may result in your removal from the residence halls. Non-college students, who are of minority age, found in situations with alcohol in the residence halls are subject to arrest, as are their hosts.

Party Rooms – Alcohol – A room in which four or more persons are present and having alcohol present will be declared a party room. Party Rooms are a violation of the alcohol policy. See the *Code [of Student Rights and Responsibilities and Student Disciplinary Process*]. Residence Hall staff may contact the Traill County Sheriff's Office, which could result in the filing of legal charges.

Alcohol/Drug Advertisement Posters and other items advertising alcohol/drugs are prohibited in the public areas of the residence hall and its surrounding grounds. This includes posters and lighted signs in residence hall windows or on residence hall doors.

Alcohol Containers, full or empty, are not allowed in MSU residence halls. Violations will be subject to conduct proceedings.

Incapacitation – Alcohol or other Drugs Residents who become incapacitated as a result of drinking, drug usage or a medical condition will receive proper emergency medical care when staff members become aware of their condition, EMS will be notified immediately. Residents will be financially responsible for the costs of this medical care including ambulance and/or hospitalization costs.

Immunity from Prosecution— "An individual is immune from criminal prosecution if that individual contacted law enforcement or emergency medical services and reported that the individual was or that another individual was in need of emergency medical assistance due to a drug overdose. To receive immunity under this section, the individual receiving immunity must have remained on the scene until assistance arrived, cooperated with emergency medical services and law enforcement personnel in the medical treatment of the reported drug overdosed individual, and the overdosed individual must have been in need of emergency medical services" (NDCC § 19-03.1-23.4).

The University will not take disciplinary action against a student who calls for or who receives medical attention due to alcohol or other drug use such that medical assistance is needed or sought. The University may require compliance with educational initiatives related to the overdose that created the situation.

According to North Dakota Century Code #5-01-05.1, "If a person is hospitalized for detox purposes, law enforcement or campus security personnel must notify the emergency contact." Except as noted above, incapacitated students who are in violation of local, state or federal laws concerning alcohol and other drugs are subject to citation and/or arrest for relevant violation of law. Parental Notification: If a student has been found Responsible for multiple alcohol or drug related offenses under the Code or campus policies, or if it is determined that that the student's health and safety is endangered because of his/her use of alcohol or other substances, the University reserves the right to notify the student's parents of these facts and concerns. This notification may occur even if the student is 21 or older. The Director of Student Life will determine if such parental notification is alcohol/alcoholic beverages to be made after consideration of each case and documentation of any such offenses. This process for parental notification is specifically allowed under federal law and is in accordance with the 1998 amendments to the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act."

As outlined in the "Complying with the Drug-Free Schools and Campuses Regulations" (EDGAR Part 86), the elements in the blue box above are distributed to students in the alcohol training course required of all first-year students and is also generally distributed (bulletin boards and other postings) such that all students and employees might see the information as part of our Drug-Free Campus Program.

This required biennial review has the objectives of determining the effectiveness of, and to implement necessary changes to, the AOD/ATOD Prevention Program.

Biennial Review Process

This Review covers the period of 2016-2019. Specifically, it is the fall 2016 semester through the summer of 2019. A. Biennial Review Preparer

- Jeffrey Powell, the Director of Student Life, prepared the first draft of this document.
- M376 of the Mayville State University Policy Manual, indicates "at least two faculty members, representation from the Athletic Department, at least three student members and at least one member of the community who represents other substance abuse prevention coalitions." Additionally, "The Vice President for Student Affairs and Institutional Research, the institution's Student Conduct Officer, counseling staff, [and] residence hall staff" are to be included. A committee was assembled to meet these requirements and the group ratified the report while providing insight on direction and strategy and the elements of the SWOT analysis provided in Section IX of this document.

Membership:

Student Life

Alex Herman, M.S. Faculty HPER and Coach, MBB

Robert Bennett, Ph.D., Liberal Arts Faculty

President's Cabinet Andrew Pflipsen, Ed.D.

Vice President Student Affairs Jeffrey Powell, Ph.D., Director

Counselor Kristi Lentz, M.Ed. Traill District Health Unit Chris McInnes, LPN West Traill County EMS Nicole Pollack, NRP

Student Members ex-parte presentation and consultation regarding report

and its content with MSU Student Senate

B. Location of Biennial Review

 this document is stored on the "Student Life" sharepoint page, available to all persons with NDUS credentials authorized by Mayville State University. If you wish a printed version, please contact Jeffrey Powell in CC 106.

III. Annual Policy Notification Process

A. Content of Alcohol/Drug Abuse Prevention Statement.

o an email is sent to all students and employees on the eighth day of classes. This email reads, in part:

In regards to alcohol and other drug use and awareness programs, please know:

- alcohol use on campus is prohibited, regardless of age, unless you are at an event for which the President
 has specifically provided an alcohol permit. In general, these are only for catered events in the Campus
 Center and in designated areas during football game tailgating. Alcohol is always illegal for those under 21
 to possess or use.
- drug use on campus is always illegal. This is true without regard for persons holding a "marijuana card" or other such medical permission. For additional information, see Drug Free School Policy.
- it is the considered opinion of college administrators and health professionals that the misuse of alcohol
 and the use of illicit drugs poses health risks. Please understand the University provides resources to help
 you learn about alcohol and other drug use.
- See Sexual Violence and Substance Abuse Prevention Resources.
- students who violate policy may face sanctions through the processes indicated in the <u>Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities and Student Disciplinary Process.</u> The University uses a progressive severity approach to most violations, but repeated violations of the policy can result in the removal of privileges and/or suspension from the institution.
- employees who violate the Alcohol or Drugs on campus policies will be addressed through Human Resources avenues. The University uses a progressive severity approach to most violations, but repeated violations of the policy can result in the termination.
- legal ramifications may, or may not, apply to a given situation. University disciplinary procedures may be
 carried out prior to, simultaneously with, or following civil or criminal proceedings off campus, and the
 status of civil or criminal charges involving the same incident, whether the case is on-going or dismissed, or
 whether those charges have been reduced or modifies, have no predetermined impact on the University's
 decision regarding a case's process or resolution.
- the Counseling office has resources for students who may be seeking medical assistance for alcohol and drug dependency concerns.
- information about the Employee Assistance Programs is available on the Human Resources <u>Sharepoint</u> site.

B. Notification Process for Employees

C. Notification Process for Students

The information in the blue box, as described prior to that box being used, is from an email that is
distributed to all persons who are enrolled or employed at Mayville State, regardless of whether they are
physically attending or assigned at the Mayville State campus. Our IT department maintains a mail
distribution list that autopopulates <u>MASU.Students</u>, <u>MASU.Staff</u>, or <u>MASU.Faculty</u> listgroups.

IV. Alcohol and Other Drug (AOD) Prevalence Rate, Incidence Rate, Needs Assessment, and Trend Data In compliance and cooperation with the Chancellors office, NDUS institutions distribute a biannual survey. Data from this survey was available in the Spring Semester, 2019.

Key take-aways from 2018 North Dakota Student Wellness and Perception Survey Mayville State University Institutional Report

- Between 2016 and 2018, "average drinks per week" declined from 4.08 to 3.12 drinks per week. The NDUS average in 2016 was 6.09 drinks per week.
- Between 2016 and 2018, "average drinks per week" by those under 21 increased from 3.41 to 5.16 drinks per week. The NDUS average in 2016 was 7.13 drinks per week.

another individual was in need of emergency medical assistance due to a drug overdose. To receive immunity under this section, the individual receiving immunity must have remained on the scene until assistance arrived, cooperated with emergency medical services and law enforcement personnel in the medical treatment of the reported drug overdosed individual, and the overdosed individual must have been in need of emergency medical services" (NDCC § 19-03.1-23.4).

The University will not take disciplinary action against a student who calls for or who receives medical attention due to alcohol or other drug use such that medical assistance is needed or sought. The University may require compliance with educational initiatives related to the overdose that created the situation.

According to North Dakota Century Code #5-01-05.1, "If a person is hospitalized for detox purposes, law enforcement or campus security personnel must notify the emergency contact." Except as noted above, incapacitated students who are in violation of local, state or federal laws concerning alcohol and other drugs are subject to citation and/or arrest for relevant violation of law. Parental Notification: If a student has been found Responsible for multiple alcohol or drug related offenses under the Code or campus policies, or if it is determined that that the student's health and safety is endangered because of his/her use of alcohol or other substances, the University reserves the right to notify the student's parents of these facts and concerns. This notification may occur even if the student is 21 or older. The Director of Student Life will determine if such parental notification is alcohol/alcoholic beverages to be made after consideration of each case and documentation of any such offenses. This process for parental notification is specifically allowed under federal law and is in accordance with the 1998 amendments to the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act."

As outlined in the "Complying with the Drug-Free Schools and Campuses Regulations" (EDGAR Part 86), the elements in the blue box above are distributed to students in the alcohol training course required of all first-year students and is also generally distributed (bulletin boards and other postings) such that all students and employees might see the information as part of our Drug-Free Campus Program.

This required biennial review has the objectives of determining the effectiveness of, and to implement necessary changes to, the AOD/ATOD Prevention Program.

II. Biennial Review Process

This Review covers the period of 2016-2019. Specifically, it is the fall 2016 semester through the summer of 2019. A. Biennial Review Preparer

- Jeffrey Powell, the Director of Student Life, prepared the first draft of this document.
- M376 of the Mayville State University Policy Manual, indicates "at least two faculty members, representation from the Athletic Department, at least three student members and at least one member of the community who represents other substance abuse prevention coalitions." Additionally, "The Vice President for Student Affairs and Institutional Research, the institution's Student Conduct Officer, counseling staff, [and] residence hall staff" are to be included. A committee was assembled to meet these requirements and the group ratified the report while providing insight on direction and strategy and the elements of the SWOT analysis provided in Section IX of this document.

Membership:

Faculty Alex Herman, M.S. HPER and Coach, MBB

Faculty Robert Bennett, Ph.D., Liberal Arts

President's Cabinet Andrew Pflipsen, Ed.D.

Vice President Student Affairs

Student Life Jeffrey Powell, Ph.D., Director Counselor Kristi Lentz, M.Ed.

Traill District Health Unit Chris McInnes, LPN
West Traill County EMS Nicole Pollack, NRP

Student Members ex-parte presentation and consultation regarding report and its content with MSU Student Senate

- Between 2016 and 2018, percentage of students reporting they "have used tobacco in last 30 days" declined from 19.4 to 13.2. Both rates far exceed the NDUS average of 7.13 of responding students.
- In the prior 30 days, 20.4% respondent reported vaping/use of e-cigarettes in the last 30 days. This is the highest usage response among the four regional universities (avg = 15%) in NDUS but is lower than all research institutions (23.9%) and lower than all two-year institutions (24.7%).
- Between 2016 and 2018, percentage of students reporting they "have used marijuana in last 30 days" declined from 17.3 to 15.1. Both rates are higher than the NDUS average of 13.1 and 12.3% of responding students.
- During the prior 30 days, 0.00% of respondents reported using amphetamines, 0.00% reported using opioids, 1.40% reported a non-medical use of prescription drugs, and 6.50% reported using other illicit drugs.
- Of the total MSU respondents, 84.80% reported being aware the campus' alcohol and other drug
 policies and 34.50% stated that the policies are enforced. The majority of respondents stated that
 stricter policies, laws, or ordinances would not deter them from using alcohol or other drugs
 (66.20%).
- In the prior year, 31.20% of respondents reported having thoughts of killing themselves, 14.8% of
 respondents reported having a plan to kill themselves, 7% of respondents attempted to kill
 themselves. NDUS benchmark for thoughts of suicidality is 22.8%; plan formed is 6.8%; actual
 attempt of suicide is 3%. Mayville State reports responses in all three categories at rates that
 exceed averages for all institutions and all regional institution in NDUS.

V. AOD Policy, Enforcement, and Compliance Inventory

A. Policies

1. Federal Drug Free Campus Policy

https://www.mayvillestate.edu/files/9314/3999/0168/M615 Drug Free Schools and Community.pdf

"As a condition of their employment or enrollment at Mayville State University, a student or employee will not engage in the unlawful manufacture, distribution, possession, or use of a controlled substance nor engage in the unlawful possession, distribution, or use of alcohol on university property or as part of any university activity during the period of employment or enrollment. Furthermore, any employee or student at Mayville State University agrees to obey federal, state, and local laws relating to the unlawful possession or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol, and to abide by sanctions which the institution may impose for violations of its standards of conduct, up to and including termination or suspension. If an employee or student is convicted of an alcohol or drug related offense occurring on campus, he/she must notify the institution within five days of such a conviction. In addition, federal law mandates that Mayville State must communicate information regarding the conviction of a student or employee for a drug or alcohol related offense which occurs on-campus to the appropriate federal agency within ten days."

2. Drug and Alcohol Abuse

The following items are posted in prominent locations; sent as email to all students and all employees twice per year; and appear in the <u>Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities and Student Disciplinary Procedure</u>:

Possession of alcohol except when permitted — the Unauthorized Use of Alcoholic Beverages includes the possession, distribution, sale and or solicitation of, or consumption of, alcoholic beverages except during events or in circumstances authorized by University Officials and/or failure to comply with state or <u>University regulations regarding the use or sale of alcoholic beverages</u>.

also see:

North Dakota Century Code: <u>Individuals under twenty-one years of age prohibited from using alcoholic beverages</u>...

ND State Board Policy Manual, Section 918, Alcoholic Beverages

Residence Halls Handbook (http://mayvillestate.edu/index.php/download_file/view/708/2486/373/)

Possession of controlled substances. The possession, distribution, sale, and/or solicitation of, or consumption of (a) prescription drugs except those proscribed to the person carrying same; (b) illegal drugs or controlled substances; or (c) other intoxicants and/or (d) paraphernalia used for the consumption of such intoxicants, or the (e) possession of household or common items which the Hearing Officer determines was intended by the Responding Student to be used or trafficked as an intoxicant(s) (e.g., spray paint used for huffing).

Failure to abide by university or state policy governing tobacco use in public buildings and/or University residence halls or on campus grounds. Smoking and use of smokeless tobacco products are restricted from use on campus, except in one's personal vehicle. See M917.

3. Dry Campus Policy

Although most students would characterize Mayville State and the rules we have as a "dry campus," and colloquially we are probably considered as such, the truth is that no "dry campus" regulations exist. It is true in sweeping general terms, alcohol and controlled drugs are not permitted on campus, but the prohibition is immediately met with the exceptions of:

- apartment in the Mayville Mutual Association Complex when the occupant is 21+;
- professional residence hall staff;
- events in the Campus Center or Alumni Center, or other location, when the President or designee gives explicit and time-limited permission for alcohol; or
- tailgating events for football, when the President or designee gives explicit and time-limited permission for alcohol.
- Student Code of Conduct particularly relating to Alcohol and Other Drugs

(see http://mayvillestate.edu/files/5215/6623/8543/Code-08-2019-OneColumn.pdf)

D. Alcohol and Drugs

4.01 Possession of alcohol except when permitted. The Unauthorized Use of Alcoholic Beverages includes the possession, distribution, sale and or solicitation of, or consumption of, alcoholic beverages except during events or in circumstances authorized by University Officials and/or failure to comply with state or <u>University regulations regarding the use or sale of alcoholic beverages</u>.
also see:

North Dakota Century Code: <u>Individuals under twenty-one years of age prohibited from using alcoholic beverages...</u>

ND State Board Policy Manual, Section 918, Alcoholic Beverages

- 4.02 Possession of controlled substances. The possession, distribution, sale, and/or solicitation of, or consumption of (a) prescription drugs except those proscribed to the person carrying same; (b) illegal drugs or controlled substances; or (c) other intoxicants and/or (d) paraphernalia used for the consumption of such intoxicants, or the (e) possession of household or common items which the Hearing Officer determines was intended by the Responding Student to be used or trafficked as an intoxicant(s).
- 5. Alcoholic Beverages Payment from University Accounts

see https://mayvillestate.edu/index.php/download_file/view/2609/1959/

- 3. Alcoholic beverages may not be purchased with public funds.
- 6. Alcoholic Beverages Sale, Serving, and Consumption *ibid*

- Possession, sale, dispensation, use or consumption of alcoholic beverages upon land or in buildings owned by Mayville State University is prohibited, except as provided by this subsection.
 - This policy does not apply to family housing, married student housing, faculty housing or offcampus guest housing.
 - b) Alcoholic beverages may be permitted, subject to applicable state and local laws and ordinances, at events in facilities or upon land owned by the institution pursuant to a permit signed by the President or his/her designee. The permit must describe the nature of the event and the date(s), time(s) and place where consumption of alcoholic beverages is permitted. The permit may be for a single event or for events occurring periodically at the designated place during a period of not more than one year. Events where alcohol is served and approved by the President also require the following additional stipulations:
 - Events sponsored by the university or the Mayville State University
 Foundation and which are intended to be fund raisers to directly benefit the
 institution will be permitted and alcohol may be served or sold as long as a
 third party with an appropriate liquor license is utilized.
 - 2) Any group that is not directly affiliated with the university who wishes to rent or utilize a campus facility must provide proof of liability insurance prior to final approval. An event at which alcohol will be sold, requires that the renter arrange for a third party with an appropriate liquor license to actually sell the alcohol. In these cases, the third party with the liquor license must also provide proof of liability insurance for the specific event prior to approval.
 - 3) Events hosted by a renter at which alcohol will be sold, will also be required to hire adequate security officers to monitor access to alcohol. These security officers must meet city ordinance and/or state law requirements.
 - 4) The university does not intend to compete with private businesses in the area. The rental of university facilities by an individual or group not affiliated with the institution, and at which alcohol will be served or sold will be approved only after the renter has satisfactorily verified that they have been unable to secure other, adequate facilities in the community.
 - 5) With events such as wedding receptions, dinners, or dances there is an expectation that food will be served and the renter will be required to utilize MSU Food Services for all food items.

7. Tailgating

https://mayvillestate.edu/index.php/download_file/view/2631/1967/

Football Tailgating Policy

The following standards have been developed so that Mayville State University students, faculty, staff, alumni and fans may enjoy their game day experience to the fullest. We anticipate your cooperation in observing each of these points which are provided in the best interest of health and safety.

Tailgating Area

The tailgating area will be open 3 hours prior to kickoff. All spots will be marked for the benefits of patrons. All guests who occupy the tailgating area will have to provide proof of ticket purchase to get into the stadium. Security will be present at all times.

Tailgating Hours

- Lot is open 3 hours prior to kickoff.
- Tailgating is allowed up to game time and at half-time
- No tailgating is to take place during the game.
- Lot closes 1 hour after the game.

Rules & Regulations

1. The University reserves the right to restrict any vehicle or person for reasons of safety or

legality.

- 2. All beverages must be consumed from plastic or paper cups only.
- 3. Under no circumstances shall persons under 21 years of age have possession or consume alcohol in the tailgating area. Persons under the age of 21 must be accompanied by a parent or guardian.
- 4. Beer kegs, party balls, open cans and glass bottle are prohibited in the tailgating area.
- 5. No open containers of alcoholic beverages will be permitted outside the tailgating area.
- 6. Individuals who interfere with the rights of other people by use of loud, abusive language and behavior that prevent others from enjoying tailgating and the game will be asked to cease the behavior or leave the event.
- 7. Tailgating participants are responsible for keeping the tailgating and stadium areas clean. Trash cans are located in the area. Trash bags are available. It is the responsibility of tailgating participants to keep their area picked up.
- 8. Driving under the influence is illegal in the state of North Dakota. State drinking and driving laws will be enforced in and around University property.
- 9. Open flame fires, including fire pits, are prohibited in the tailgating area. Propane and charcoal grills are permitted.
- 10. Stadium restroom is available outside the stadium. Please utilize this facility.
- 11. Drinking games (included but not limited to beer pong) and the use of devices intended to accelerate the consumption of alcohol (including but not limited to funnels or beer bongs) are prohibited.
- 12. Please be aware that individuals who violate the above rules and regulations will be asked to leave the property and be subject to legal penalties. Mayville State has graciously granted this tailgating policy to help fans enjoy the game day experience. All participants are asked to act responsibly and adhere to the policy.

8. Alcoholic Beverages- Campus Housing

http://mayvillestate.edu/index.php/download file/view/708/2486/373/

Residence Hall Policies > Acts in Violation of Established Student Housing and Student Life Policies or Procedures (p. 2).

- "a. Alcohol Violation of established Student Housing and Student Life policies regarding the possession, distribution and consumption of alcoholic beverages including:
 - Consuming or transporting open alcoholic beverages in residence hall common areas including, but not limited to, hallways, lounges, stairways, and/or community bathrooms.
 - 2. No possessing alcohol paraphernalia including, but not limited to, empty alcoholic beverage containers, beer bongs, and/or kegs.
 - No providing open access to alcohol including, but not limited to, access to bulk or common source alcohol containers or access to devices or games used in or intended for the rapid consumption of alcoholic beverages.

"Students are expected to abide by local ordinances and state laws regarding the consumption or possession of alcoholic beverages. In addition, beverages that are sold as 'imitation alcohol products' are not allowed. Individuals in the presence of alcohol or other drugs are subject to conduct procedures. Violation of this policy and/or other policies impacting your fellow residents may result in your removal from the residence halls. Noncollege students, who are of minority age, found in situations with alcohol in the residence halls are subject to arrest, as are their hosts."

9. Substance Abuse Policy - Campus Housing

See above. Additionally:

"Drugs (p. 9).

"The State of North Dakota prohibits the sale, possession, and use of marijuana, depressants, stimulants, hallucinogenic drugs and/or paraphernalia. The University cooperates fully with state authorities seeking to enforce drug abuse laws. Students receive no immunity from arrest or prosecution by law enforcement officials as a result of

their residence in University housing. Residence hall students are expected to abide by Federal, State, Local, and City laws and ordinances with respect to the use of dangerous/illegal drugs and narcotics. Situations involving student drug possession/abuse will be reported to the Director of Student Life and/or civil authorities for appropriate disciplinary and/or legal action. This may include removal from the residence hall and/or the university."

10. Guidelines for Fraternity and Sorority Use of Alcohol

Mayville State does not have recognized greek-letter organizations.

11. Smoke Free/Tobacco Free Campus

(http://mayvillestate.edu/files/5215/6623/8543/Code-08-2019-OneColumn.pdf)

"D. Alcohol and Drugs

"4.03 Failure to abide by university or state policy governing tobacco use in public buildings and/or University residence halls or on campus grounds. Smoking and use of smokeless tobacco products are restricted from use on campus, except in one's personal vehicle. See M917."

and

http://mayvillestate.edu/index.php/download_file/view/708/2486/373/

Residence Hall Policies > Acts in Violation of Established Student Housing and Student Life Policies or Procedures

"b. Tobacco on Campus – Smoking, the use of E-Cigarettes or similar devices, and the use of smokeless or chewing tobacco are prohibited on all University Grounds, with the exception of personal vehicles. Smoking, Vaping, or use of smokeless or chew tobacco is not allowed in the residence halls. also see: <u>Tobacco Free Campus</u> (M917)"

12. Amnesty/Responsible Action/Good Samaritan Protocol Policies

(listed on page 4 of the <u>Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities</u> and page 2 of the <u>Residence Hall Handbook</u>):

"Immunity from Prosecution-

"An individual is immune from criminal prosecution if that individual contacted law enforcement or emergency medical services and reported that the individual was or that another individual was in need of emergency medical assistance due to a drug overdose. To receive immunity under this section, the individual receiving immunity must have remained on the scene until assistance arrived, cooperated with emergency medical services and law enforcement personnel in the medical treatment of the reported drug overdosed individual, and the overdosed individual must have been in need of emergency medical services" (NDCC § 19-03.1-23.4)

13. Athletic Department Alcohol and Other Drug Use Policy

Beer, wine, liquor or any other form of alcoholic beverages or any form of tobacco product shall not be endorsed by the NAIA. The advertisement of such products in connection with NAIA postseason events, as well as sponsorship, is permissible under the following conditions:

- All such advertisements must receive advance approval from the NAIA President/Chief Executive Officer.
- 2. Alcoholic beverages in any form shall not be allowed to be sold, disbursed or brought into the public area of any event.

https://www.naia.org/legislative/2019-20/files/NAIA-2019Official-Handbook.pdf?page=17

14. Athletic Department Alcohol and Other Drug Testing Policy

The NAIA conducts testing for performance enhancing drugs at NAIA National Championship and NAIA Invitational competitions. The following penalties and processes shall apply for any student(s) who test positive on such a drug test.

VIII SECTION A: APPEAL OF A POSITIVE TEST

An institution may challenge the results of a positive test. The National Drug Testing and Education Committee will consider all such challenges, and will consider any applicable medical exemptions.

VIII SECTION B: PENALTIES

A student-athlete who tests positive for use of a banned substance, as defined by the NAIA banned substances list, shall be sanctioned as outlined below.

- 1. As a first offense, a student-athlete who tests positive for the use of any banned substance:
 - a. Shall be immediately suspended from further competition in all sports;
 - Shall be suspended in all sports for a minimum of 365 days from the date of the specimen collection that led to the positive test result;
 - Shall be charged one additional season of competition in the applicable sport as a
 punitive measure (in addition to being charged a season of competition for the student's
 actual participation); and
 - d. Shall be charged one punitive season of competition in all additional sports because of the positive test result (in addition to any seasons of competition the student may have been charged for actual participation).
- 2. As a second offense, a student-athlete who tests positive for the use of any banned substance: Shall immediately lose all remaining eligibility within the NAIA in all sports. A positive test on an exit test (see Article VIII, Section D, Item 3) taken during the reinstatement process shall constitute a second offense. An institution's athletics program(s) or staff member(s) may be brought before the National Conduct and Ethics Committee for additional penalties if the institutional staff member(s) provided or required the student's use of the banned substances that led to a positive test.

https://www.naia.org/legislative/2019-20/files/NAIA-2019Official-Handbook.pdf?page=17

15. Employee Assistance Program Referral Policy

See

https://my.mayvillestate.edu/ws/departments/hr/SitePages/Home.aspx?RootFolder=%2Fws%2Fdepartments%2Fhr%2FShared%20Documents%2FEmployee%20Handbooks&FolderCTID=0x012000F8955C9765DEC540A4A1DE1E916883F1&View=%7B10A4AE35%2D5F7A%2D4AA9%2DB165%2D433232461E1B%7D

16. Financial Aid Drug Convictions Policy

If your eligibility for federal student aid has been suspended due to a drug conviction, you can regain eligibility early by successfully completing an <u>approved drug rehabilitation program</u> or by passing two unannounced drug tests administered by an approved drug rehabilitation program. If you regain eligibility during the <u>award year</u>, notify your <u>financial aid office</u> immediately so you can get any aid you're eligible for.

If you are convicted of a drug-related offense after you submit the FAFSA form, you might lose eligibility for federal student aid, and you might be liable for returning any financial aid you received during a period of ineligibility.

https://studentaid.ed.gov/sa/eligibility#criminal-convictions

 Sexual Assault and other Violence related policies that relate to alcohol/other drug use https://mayvillestate.edu/index.php/download_file/view/2570/2486/ (M613): Sexual Misconduct and Title IX Policy and Procedure

2) POLICY: ...

b. Sexual misconduct is prohibited in all forms, regardless of intent to harm. Sexual assault, sexual exploitation, coercion and sexual harassment are examples of sexual misconduct, and all are prohibited.

definitions:

"Incapacitation is a state where someone cannot make rational, reasonable decisions because they lack the capacity to give knowing consent (e.g., to understand the "who, what, when, where, why, or how" of their sexual interaction)."

- h. Sexual Assault: Any sexual act between two or more people to which one person does not or cannot consent. This includes sexual acts or contacts with others that can involve:
 - Compelling a person to submit to sexual acts or contacts by force, threat of force, or intimidation;
 - 2. Use of intoxicants to substantially impair the person's power to give consent;
 - 3. Engaging in such acts when the person suffers from a mental state that renders him or her incapable of understanding the nature of the contact. This includes, but is not limited to, situations when an individual is intoxicated, "high", scared, physically or psychologically pressured or forced, passed out, unconscious, intimidated, coerced, mentally or physically impaired, beaten, isolated, or confined; or
 - 4. A victim under fifteen (15) years of age. (Do note the age of consent may vary depending on the ages of the individuals involved in the act.)

18. Alcohol/Drug Use in the Classroom Policies

(M918) <u>Alcohol Policy</u> prohibits the "Possession, sale, dispensation, use or consumption of alcoholic beverages upon land or in buildings owned by Mayville State University..."

There is no specific "classroom" phrase in this policy.

19. Alcohol Poisoning Protocols

Residence Hall Handbook:

http://mayvillestate.edu/index.php/download_file/view/708/2486/373/

Incapacitation – Alcohol or other Drugs Residents who become incapacitated as a result of drinking, drug usage or a medical condition will receive proper emergency medical care when staff members become aware of their condition, EMS will be notified immediately. Residents will be financially responsible for the costs of this medical care including ambulance and/or hospitalization costs.

B. Oversight of Policy

Administration of Policy

Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities and Student Disciplinary Process (http://mayvillestate.edu/files/5215/6623/8543/Code-08-2019-OneColumn.pdf)

Part I: Student Conduct Authority

Under the direction of the North Dakota State Board of Higher Education, Mayville State University has the authority and the responsibility to establish policies necessary for the general business of the institution. The President of the University and the executive cabinet approves the Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities and Student Disciplinary Process. The disciplinary process is administered under a Supervising Hearing Officer, usually the Director of Student Life, who has been charged with the day-to-day responsibilities for the administration of the student disciplinary process; or in some cases the Coordinator or a Deputy Coordinator for Title IX responses. The Director of Student Life shall coordinate recommendations from members of the university community regarding suggested revisions to this Code or its policies and shall present substantive changes to appropriate parties.

2. Discipline/Sanctioning/Adjudication of Policy

From the Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities and Student Disciplinary Process:

Part VII: Sanctions

A. Philosophy

Mayville State University recognizes its first obligation is to respond to allegations of the Code in a manner that encourages ongoing safety for all members of the University. The University also adheres to and upholds a philosophy of progressive discipline whenever appropriate. The conduct system and imposition of sanctions contribute to the teaching of appropriate individual and group behavior and foster the ethical development and personal integrity of students.

- In determining a Sanction, the Responsible Student's present demeanor, past disciplinary history, the nature of the offense, the resulting severity of any damage, injury or harm, and other factors may be considered.
- 2. If a student is determined to have violated the Code, any one or more of the following Sanctions may be imposed, deferred, or held in abeyance by the Hearing Officer.

 Generally, a student is issued a status sanction (B) and one or more active sanctions (C).

B. Disciplinary Status Sanctions

- Censure. Verbal or written notice that the behavior has been inappropriate. May be considered part of student conduct record in future disciplinary action.
- 2. Disciplinary Probation. A period of time during which a student's behavior is subject to close examination. Restrictions may be imposed by the Hearing Officer, restrictions such as prohibiting a student from holding elected or appointed office in a student organization or participating in intercollegiate athletics, required ongoing mentoring sessions for a period of time, and/or assigning one or more items from (C) herein.
- 3. Deferred Suspension. A delayed removal from class/the university for a period up to two semesters. Any adjudicated violation during this period may result in immediate suspension for a specific period of time. Restrictions may be imposed by the hearing officer, restrictions such as prohibiting a student from holding elected or appointed office in a student organization or participating in intercollegiate athletics, required ongoing mentoring sessions for a period of time, and/or assigning one or more items from (C) herein.
- 4. Suspension. Removal from class/the university for a specified period of time ranging up to a maximum of two years. Suspended students must remove themselves from the campus totally. Students suspended from the university may not attend online classes during their suspensions. The expiration of the suspension period is no guarantee of readmittance.
- 5. Dismissal. Removal from the university, in principle considered to be permanent; in all cases to be observed for no fewer than five years.
- Deferred Loss of Recognition. A delayed removal of recognition as a recognized student organization. Any adjudicated violation during this period may result in immediate loss of recognition for a specified period of time.
- 7. Loss of Recognition. During this time, a recognized student organization may not associate itself with the university by using the university name, facilities, and/or other rights and privileges of recognized student organizations. The expiration of the loss of recognition period is no guarantee of re-recognition.

C. Active Disciplinary Sanctions

Assigned active statuses generally require the student to do something and will have a "due date" by which the activity must be completed and/or a date when progress regarding the assignment has been made. Due dates may be structured as incremental timeposts rather than completion of the activity and these dates may be extended by the Director of Student Life when a student is expected to receive on-going assistance or is expected to comply with Sanctions in an ongoing fashion. See Part III, G, 7.08

- University/educational service. Assignment of an appropriate project that will benefit the university community, responsible student or others, or attendance at an educational workshop, including on-line trainings or assessments.
- 2. User Fee(s) associated with training, community service observation, or other cost associated with any sanction issued.
- 3. Restriction. Denial of access to any campus facility, activity, class or program, or denial of student privileges.

- 4. No Contact Directive. A directive to refrain from any intentional contact, direct, or indirect, with one or more designated persons or group(s) through any means, including personal contact, email, telephone, or through third parties. Failure to adhere to a no contact directive may result in further disciplinary action, including the placement or expansion of interim measures.
- 5. Referral. A student may be referred to counseling services, substance awareness, health services, or other appropriate offices or local agencies.
- Fine. A fine is a fee or a financial sanction, imposed for alcohol, drug, and/ or other violations, the payment of which will be used toward alcohol and/or other drug education and alternative programming.
- 7. Restitution. Financial compensation to the University for cleaning, replacing, or restoring a specific area or thing when loss or damage was a result of the student's disciplinary violation. The University does not manage restitution to other students, but a failure to comply with a mediated Agreement is a violation of the Code.
- 8. Housing Ban. Residence hall transfer, residence hall floor transfer, restricted access within the residence halls, restricted access to dining services, and removal and/or ban from the residence halls and/or dining services for a specified period of time.
- Deferred Loss of Residence. A delayed removal from university operated residence halls for a period of up to two semesters. Any proven offense during this period may result in immediate loss of residence.
- 10. Notification. Parents, faculty/staff, or others may be notified or contacted regarding a student's behavior consistent with applicable law.
- 11. Other Sanctions. Other Sanctions that advance the safety concerns or the educational concerns of the University may be also or alternatively be imposed.

C. Enforcement

1. On-Campus Authorities

From the Definitions section of the *Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities and Student Discipline*Process:

Hearing Officer — a North Dakota University System ("NDUS") employee who is designated by the Vice President for Student Affairs to determine the appropriate resolution of an alleged violation of the Code, and/or authorized to impose sanctions or affect other remedies as appropriate. A Hearing Officer is also vested with the authority to, among other duties, investigate a complaint of an alleged violation of the Code, decline to pursue a complaint, refer identified disputants to mediation or other appropriate resources.

Supervising Hearing Officer — In general, the Director of Student Life or a Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator. These University Officials ensure the efficacy of the discipline process, determine whether investigations should occur, and assign investigations to approved Investigators and cases to appropriate Hearing Officers. A Supervising Hearing Officer may appoint themselves as a Hearing Officer or Investigator.

Decision — a determination reached by a Hearing Officer regarding the alleged violations of the Code or by a Supervising Hearing Officer regarding an allegation of the Sexual Misconduct and Title IX Policy and Procedure. Available Decisions are "Responsible for the Violation" or "Not Responsible for the Violation." The Decision is made using the available facts and information presented in the case and such a determination is recorded in the Student Conduct File. Decisions of "Responsible" may result in the issuance of Sanctions.

2. Off-Campus Authorities

Traill County Sheriff's Department — In addition to other sworn law agencies, Mayville State is subject to service and law enforcement provided by the Traill County Sheriff's Department. The University maintains a Memorandum of Understanding with the Department. Deputies of the Department patrol and respond to calls both on campus and in neighborhoods surrounding the campus.

D. Record of Violations

Number of violations observed/reported for each judicial/discipline related policy see http://mayvillestate.edu/index.php/download file/6292/

VI. AOD Comprehensive Program /Intervention Inventory & Related Process and Outcomes/Data

A. Community Activities/Initiatives

Mayville State University is sited in the City of Mayville, having a population of approximate 1100 persons. To the author's knowledge, Mayville has no private or not-for-profit programs which provide support regarding alcohol and other drug use mitigation.

Traill District Health Unit (office at Hillsboro, the county seat) does have outreach and support programs. Their office does have a contracted presence on campus and we are working to identify how to implement the resources and knowledge base of this important service.

B. College/University Activities/Initiatives

Please see Appendices B – D for information related to events, including those that encourage or include drug and alcohol awareness goals or purposes

C. Programs for Special Populations (such as athletes, international students, etc.)

Approximately ½ of our "face to face" or traditional delivery students participate in a varsity sports team. There is no efficiency of scale or other rationale we have discovered that causes us to program for these students differently.

D. Individual Based Programs/Interventions

Electronic Check-Up to Go (E-CHUG)

Mayville State University uses this resource for alcohol violation sanctions or other follow up. We do not have a full time AOD person on campus.

Electronic THC Online Knowledge Experience (E-TOKE)

Mayville State University has not used this resource, but is actively exploring it for marijuana violation sanctions or other follow up. We do not have a full time AOD person on campus.

E. Group Based Programs/Interventions

Mayville State University does not have any group-based programs or interventions.

Sanford Health Hospital in Mayville has an Alcohol Anonymous group that meets weekly in their facility.

F. Universal or Entire Population Based Programs Programs/Interventions

On-Line Alcohol Education Programs as AlcoholEdu, MyStudent Body

Mayville State University holds a contract with Ever-Fi to deliver:

a. AlcoholEdu for College

AlcoholEdu for College inspires students to reflect on their drinking and encourages safe decision-making—making campuses safer for all.

b. AlcoholEdu for College -Part Two

AlcoholEdu for College Part 2 – A quick followup to AlcoholEdu for College.

c. Sexual Assault Prevention: Undergraduate

Sexual Assault Prevention for Undergraduates (primary prevention)

2. Social Marketing Campaigns

Mayville State University does not have a FT person with exclusive responsibility for AOD or other safety-issues marketing. We have generated some in-house posters to address alcohol use and to mitigate the use of other drugs. See attached.

G. Environmental/Socio-Ecological Based Programs

none

VII. AOD Comprehensive Program Goals and Objectives for Biennium Period

In the prior Biennial Review report, the following recommendations that were made for the reported upon biennium, based off of 2016's Review

1. Increasing the use of evidence-based practices

Commentary: As the committee discussed this item during a review session, we came to the recognition this was both a good goal and not a specific goal. We did not complete this goal.

2. Addressing the most salient issues for your campus and community based on the 2016 CORE survey

Commentary: We have some usage patterns that are concerning, and while we can point to specific actions we've taken to either offer alternative programming or to support public health-related information, the reported usage patterns have not changed significantly. We did not complete this goal.

3. Increasing late-night programming for both weeknights and weekends

Commentary: As the committee discussed this item, we are of the opinion we have increased weekend program, albeit through "smaller" events. Those weekend events are more regular. We also determined we have not collected information that would support, or refute, a belief this increase in programming had provided an impact to our student body in regards to their AOD usage.

4. Implementation of e-TOKE to address increased issues with marijuana

Commentary: Director of Student Life has been provided a login to "sample" this product. The goal has not been completed.

VIII. AOD Strengths, Weaknesses

Strengths

- Use of Ever-Fi "Alcohol.edu" for all new students
- Inclusion of Alcohol module(s) in freshmen-based SOS classes
- Use of e-Check Up for Alcohol violation sanctioning
- RA programming for students is Alcohol-Free
- Various student organizations and other groups a nod, in particular, to Peer Leaders – host alcohol-free programming
- Wellness/HPER classes frequently have 'effects of alcohol' modules
- Agreement with movie theater for "free to students" weekend movies
- About ½ of our students (on campus, traditional delivery) are on a varsity team.
- Drug tests can be ordered for, and are randomly done, for student athletes.
- Coaches provide strict expectations of student athletes as it relates to alcohol and other drugs, at least within the context of the "season."

Weaknesses

- Lack of alternative venues and events occurring in community
- Two convenience stores are open overnight, but after 10:00 there is no other business or venue in Mayville that is open
- There are weekends in the calendar that do not have any programming
- There is limited professional staff presence over the weekends
- It is not known: the frequency of patrols completed by Sheriffs Deputies, the numbers of citations or the location in town where citations and interventions occur, or the characteristics of most students' interactions with Sheriffs Deputies

Opportunities

- The community of Mayville really is a partner for our campus.
 If we can identify "reasonable" requests, it's likely we have fertile ground to succeed.
- Our geographic situation, between UND at Grand Forks and NDSU at Fargo, do make some services/programming opportunities accessible. Cost and distance do play a role in limiting this opportunity set.
- Traill District Health Unit has public health expertise and stands as a partner in providing education to students related to risks posed by the use or misuse of alcohol, tobacco, e-cigarette, and other drug.

Threats

 Limited staff presence, limited law enforcement presence, and "small town" lacking resources/venues for activities makes having an impact on alcohol/other drug use more difficult.

IX. Conclusion

A. General summary of findings of review (were previous goals met?)

As addressed in VIII, we accomplished one of the four <u>Goals and Objectives</u> indicated in the 2016 Biennium Report, and completed in some part elements of the other three. All four goals identified items remain good and well-meaning objectives, but three of these goals were not completed.

B. General strengths and weakness of institution

Size

Mayville State is a small campus with a small student body – especially as it relates to our on-campus, residential and/or 'in-town commuter' population. It is located in a remote location in a small, North Dakota community. There are some terrific benefits to our students and to the community from this arrangement, but its size does pose some limitations.

Limitations of small town/small county

First among these limitations is the lack of medical, especially psychology and psychiatry, providers. Though this is a report on alcohol and other drug use and the prevention strategies and programs, the reported rate of self-harm and suicide ideation in the NDSWAPS data is alarming. Identifying a means and mechanism to address this self-harm rate is critical.

While we are fortunate to have access to a branch of Sanford Health in our neighborhood, they are an unsteady resource for the purposes of alcohol, drug, or suicidality prevention. As a branch clinic and emergency department affiliated with a large regional hospital chain, their placement in Mayville is premised upon rural health, and is not focused on collegiate health. They are competent and their work is appreciated, but their mission limits their role in matters central to this report.

In the last three years, Governor Burgum has led open sessions related to alcohol and drug rehabilitation and described small "main street" initiatives. Mayville State believes a program that combines these initiatives could be beneficial.

As a community of approximately 1400 residents, there are limited eateries and nighttime entertainment sites. There is no public transportation in town or to/from either Fargo or Grand Forks. We trust most students exercise "designated drivers" when they travel to Fargo or Grand Forks for evening entertainment, but we have not asked that question specifically in surveys.

Resources

Our resources are limited. We do not have a dedicated Public Health position or office. We do benefit vis-à-vis alcohol and other drug use, and in particular the encouragement of use in moderation, from two dynamics:

- a significant portion of our population are students from our small county or those than neighbor it; another
 portion of our student body hails from Fargo or Grand Forks (or Cass or Grand Forks Counties). These students
 typically arrive at college with (relatively) little experience with drug use and the use of these carries, with some
 students, a certain stigma.
- a significant portion of our residential population are students who are involved in varsity sports. At least in season, the encouragement of coaches to refrain from use and the threat of chemical use tests act as deterrents against use or misuse of alcohol and other drugs.

In this regard, our community and our region, and our coaches, are resources.

Budget

We are purposefully cautious of raising our tuition and fees, and a consequence of that is we consequently have limited funds from several aspects of student education or development.

We spend:

- approximately \$13,000 on students programming, engaging programs that provide entertainment value, are intended to provide "alternatives to drinking" activities, and sometimes include specific AOD prevention content.
- approximately \$300 per year of passive programming posters, bulletin boards, and the like, that include specific AOD prevention content.
- Resident Assistants spend approximately \$2200 per year for nighttime programming usually small programs
 designed to create a sense of community on a residence hall floor, but does include substance use awareness and
 other programming as topics.
- Our Peer Leaders have monthly programs and typically spend about \$1000 on costs and fees. These are popular
 and address nighttime programming and non-alcohol entertainment.
- \$4,500 per year on Ever-Fi, a training platform assigned to "new" students. The platform includes both sexual assault awareness/prevention information and AOD prevention content.
- \$6,200 per year is budgeted for intramural sports programming, which is our most popular and most consistent
 evening programming. The majority of this budget pays for officials and referees and is paid as student labor
 wages.

Additionally.

 the chancellor's office provides a subscription to "e-CHUG" (or e-Check Up to Go). We use this subscription for alcohol sanction/education after a violation has been determined. The chancellor's office pays approximately \$800 for this subscription for Mayville State.

C. Summary of recommendations, goals, and objectives

This report identifies five goals for the next reporting period. Four of these are derived from an examination of NDSWAPS data:

1. address tobacco use and vaping.

Commentary:

Mayville State has the third highest rates of "Used Tobacco in the last 30 days" (14.9%) and the eighth highest "Used e-cigarettes in the last 30 days" (20.2%) amongst the eleven NDUS institutions.

2. address marijuana use.

Commentary:

Mayville State has the sixth highest rates of "Used Marijuana in the last 30 days" (12.5%). Mayville State has the third highest rates of "Used Marijuana in Past Year" (21.7%) and, related but not precisely on point, third highest rates of "Used Other Illegal Drugs in Past Year" (6.9%). In the Resources section immediately above, we indicated that our local students and our student athletes – in season – do help mitigate the use of drugs-other-than-alcohol. The balance against that is (1) more general acceptance of marijuana usage in all parts of our national society and (2) a notable portion of our student body comes from out of state, and that group is disproportionately urban and accustomed to either the use of drugs or the acceptance of their use.

3. address suicidality.

Commentary:

Mayville State has the highest rates of "Suicidal Thoughts in Past Year" (31.2%) and "Suicidal Plan in Past Year" (14.8%). Mayville State has the second highest rates of "Suicide Attempt in Past Year" (7.0%).

4. Address alcohol use.

Commentary:

Mayville State has the fourth highest rates of "Alcohol Use in last 30 days" (62.2%) and third highest rates of "Alcohol Use in Past Year" (77.6%). Mayville State students report drinks-consumed-in-single-sitting higher than all other NDUS members and at double or triple the drinks-consumed-in-single-sitting of every other IHE.

Separate from this report and the work involved in it, Student Life has listed and hopes to hire additional student workers related to a fifth goal:

5. address "boots on the ground" compliance issues

Commentary:

Annual statistics related to on-campus violations, including those related to alcohol, suggest that increased "security" presence results in an <u>uptick in documented violations</u>, especially in the residence halls. While "writing up more people" is not actually the goal, recognizing that the 2018 number (41 violations) is a realistic benchmark. 2017 numbers and anticipated 2019 numbers drastically differ from this one year when an active RD and his staff documented students for violations at an unprecedented rate.

In the NDSWAP, 17.5% of respondents agreed greater enforcement of the rules would result in fewer rules violations (ninth of eleven campuses). It might be interesting to test that hypothesis.

X. Appendices

Appendix A	Email sent to all Students, Faculty
Appendix B	List of Activities Coordinated by/through Student Involvement Office, Spring 2019 (Not all semesters are listed. Purpose of this list is to indicate the nature and frequency of oncampus, outside-of-the-classroom events).
Appendix C	List of Activities Coordinated by Undergraduate Programming Coordinator (Student Life), Fall 2019. (Not all semesters are listed. Purpose of this list is to indicate the nature and frequency of oncampus, outside-of-the-classroom events).
Appendix D	List of Activities initiated by Resident Assistants (Student Life), Fall 2019. (Not all semesters are listed. Purpose of this list is to indicate the nature and frequency of oncampus, outside-of-the-classroom events).
Appendix E	Demographics from 2018 NDSWAPS (2018 North Dakota Student Wellness and Perception Survey) Institutional Report
Appendix F	Link to Mayville State University DAAPP (Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention and Program Statement (forthcoming)
Appendix G	Edgar 86 form, 2019

From: Powell, Jeffrey Appendix A

To: MASU Students

Cc: MASU Staff; MASU Faculty

Subject: Annual Notification: Alcohol and Other Drug Prevention Programs; Student Right to Know; Additional Safety

Notifications

Date: Thursday, September 5, 2019 4:10:00 PM

All:

Mayville State University is committed to providing current students, prospective students and families, current and prospective employees, and all additional stakeholders with certain consumer information about the institution to which you are entitled by regulations outlined by the U.S. Department of Education. Mayville State complies with federal regulations and provides reports and institutional data as outlined by the Student Right to Know Act within the Higher Education Amendments of 1998, The Clery Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (1990), the Drug Free Schools and Communities Acts (1989), and other legislative statutes.

The Student Right to Know and Consumer Information pertaining to the University is listed below. It is our intention to make this information as clear and accessible as possible. It may also be obtained, upon request, in printed copy from the Office of Student Affairs, located in Old Main 112C. Dr. Andrew Pflipsen, Vice President for Student Affairs, is the designated university employee to contact for assistance in obtaining hard copies of the information below and may be contacted by calling 1-800-437-4104, extension 34770, or by emailing andrew.pflipsen@mayvillestate.edu.

For students in particular, information about the rules and responses to rules violations the University applies and uses are contained in the following three documents:

- <u>Student Handbook</u> (includes info about safety and academic and campus services)
- Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities and Student Disciplinary Process
- Residence Hall Handbook

In regards to alcohol and other drug use and awareness programs, please know:

- alcohol use on campus is prohibited, regardless of age, unless you are at an event for which the President has specifically provided an alcohol permit. In general, these are only for catered events in the Campus Center and for designated areas for tailgating. Alcohol is always illegal for those under 21 to possess or use.
- drug use on campus is always illegal. This is true regardless of whether you think you have a "marijuana card" or other such medical permission. For additional information, see <u>Drug Free School Policy</u>.
- it is the considered opinion of college administrators and health professionals that the misuse of alcohol and the use of illicit drugs poses health risks. Please understand the University provides resources to help you learn about alcohol and other drug use. See Sexual Violence and Substance Abuse Prevention Resources.
- students who violate policy may face sanctions through the processes indicated in the <u>Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities and Student Disciplinary Process.</u> The University uses a progressive severity approach to most violations, but repeated violations of the policy can result in the removal of privileges and/or suspension from the institution.
- employees who violate the Alcohol or Drugs on campus policies will be addressed through Human Resources avenues. The University uses a progressive severity approach to most violations, but repeated violations of the policy can result in the termination.
- legal ramifications may, or may not, apply to a given situation. University disciplinary procedures may be carried out prior to, simultaneously with, or following civil or criminal proceedings off campus, and the status of civil or criminal charges involving the same incident, whether the case is on-going or dismissed, or whether those charges have been reduced or

modifies, have no predetermined impact on the University's decision regarding a case's process or resolution.

- the Counseling office has resources for students who may be seeking medical assistance for alcohol and drug dependency concerns.
- information about the Employee Assistance Programs is available on the Human Resources <u>Sharepoint</u> site.

Additional Resources:

- Missing Student Notification Policy
- Title IX Reporting at Mayville State University
- Sexual Misconduct and Title IX Policy
- Emergency Notification System
- Emergency Contact Information
- Emergency Procedures Quick Reference Guide
- Active Shooter Preparedness
- <u>Tobacco Free Campus Policy</u>

and even more resources available at MSU Consumer Information.

Jeffrey Powell, Ph.D.

Director of Student Life • Mayville State University • Mayville, ND 58257

CC 106 • 701-788-4697

Campus Wide Events

Date	Event	Other Groups	Attendance
8/24/2019	Kickball and Outdoor Games	Peer Leaders	55
8/25/2019	Movie Night	Student Involvement	17
8/25/2019	New Student Picnic/Lunch	Student Involvement	35
8/30/2019	Grocery Bingo	Peer Leaders	67
9/12/2019	Murder in the Dark Outreach	Cru	40
9/13/2019	Bonfire	Cru	16
9/17/2019	Pizza and Game Night	Peer Leaders	75
9/18/2019	Illusionist	Student Involvement	70
9/18/2019	Mentalist	Student Involvement	60
9/27/2019	Night at the Island	Cru	100+
10/8/2019	Hypnotist David Anthony	Student Involvement	100
10/16/2019	Cupcakes and Coloring	-	40
10/29/2019	Rocky Horror Picture Show Movie	-	3
10/31/2019	Murder in the Dark Outreach	Cru	27
10/31/2019	Movie Night	Cru	22
9/19/2019	Signs Game Night	-	13
9/5/2019	Game Night Outreach	Cru	43

Dorm Events

	Date	Event	Notes	Students
Agassiz				
		Movie Night	Morgan Lominario	6
		Hall Meeting	Lexi Carpenter	20
		2nd Floor Hall Mtg.	Amber Anderson	22
		IT Chapter Two Premier	Morgan Lominario	7
		Spicy Night	Spicy Uno and spicy snacks -KK	15
	9/13/2019	Girl's Night	Kaitlyn Kuntz	12
		Game Night	Card games in the basement of AgKK	8
	9/17/2019	Baking	Lexi Carpenter	35
	10/3/2019	Game Night	Card games in the basement of AgKK	10
	10/9/2019	2nd Floor Study Group	Amber Anderson	5
	10/23/2019	Taco Night	Lexi Carpenter	17
	10/30/2019	Door Decorating Contest	2nd Floor - Amber Anderson	20
Berg				
	9/3/2019	Hall Meeting	Austin de Laroque	(AII)
	8/26/2019	Hall Meeting	Andre Jean-Pierre	24
	8/28/2019	Hall Meeting	Jack Turnbull	12
	16-Sep	Hall Meeting/Icebreakers	Jack Turnbull	8
	9/24/2019	Anime Watch Party	Andre Jean-Pierre	7
	10/6/2019	Cookies Social	Austin de Laroque	6
	10/10/2019	Room by Room Check-In	Jack Turnbull	(AII)
	10/23/2019	Hall Meeting	Austin de Laroque	5
	10/25/2019	Halloween Party/Hall Pic.	Andre Jean-Pierre	14
	10/29/2019	Pizza Night	Jack Turnbull	
Birkelo				
	Every other v	veek (no set date): Floor i	meeting	10 - 16 atte
	10/19/2019	Movie Night!		6
	10/22/2019	Pumpkin Carving		13
	10/31/2019	Halloween Trick or Treating	g for community kids	85 kids
				19 MSU stu
	10/6/2019	lounge painting (1)		12
		lounge painting (2)		15
	11/20/2019	lounge painting (3)		,

Appendix E

Demographics from 2018 NDSWAPS (2018 North Dakota Student Wellness and Perception Survey) Institutional Report

- All undergraduate students at Mayville State University (MaSU; n=985) were invited to participate in the Fall 2018 survey. Students received three email invitation notifications for survey participation.
- A total of 77 students responded to the email invitation and 74 students provided valid responses on at least one question (response rate of 7.51%).
- Not every respondent provided a response to each question in the survey, so total sample size per survey item
 varies.

Demographics of Respondents

Of the total valid responses

- 18.00% of respondents reported being in their first year, 17.70% in their second year, 19.90% in their third year, and 45.30% in their fourth year.
- Full-time students represent 79.30% of respondents.
- The majority of respondents (55.60%) reported taking no online courses, followed by students taking some courses online (30.20%). Most students reported living off campus (58.70%).
- Students involved in activities or organizations on campus are as follows: intercollegiate athlete: 22.20%; intramural or club sport team: 23.60%; student government: 4.70%; and fine arts: 11.70%.
- The majority of respondents identified as a woman (72.50%), followed man (27.60%).
- Most respondents identified as straight or heterosexual (86.30%); the remaining individuals identifies as follows: bisexual (5.70%), prefer to self-describe (6.10%), and gay or lesbian (2.00%). Respondents ranged in age from 18 to 50 (Mean = 23.21 SD = 6.75).
- The majority of respondents identified as White (97.40%), with 3.20% identifying as Black or African American, 9.20% as American Indian or Alaska Native, 5.40% as Asian, and 8.30% as Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander. Note that respondents were allowed to select more than one racial identity.
- Of respondents, 61.80% reported having permanent residence in North Dakota, 29.10% reported residence in a state outside of North Dakota, and 9.10% residence outside of the United States.

(note: We are currently rewriting our DAAPP. It will be available for new students in the summer 2019, and the current plan is for it to be in video form. This is the script that will be used as a basis of the filming activity).

Person	Slide	General Text
Information for Students about Alcohol and Other Crugs at Mayville State University	1. Information about	
[student a]		Hi my name is [student a]. I'm a [jr] majoring in, and I'm really happy that you are thinking about attending Mayville State.
[student b]		My name is [student b]. I'm also happy that you're going to attend school here. I am a [jr] majoring in, and I have had a great time at Mayville State. College is a great time college is a time where you're going to do a little bit of experimenting, new friends, we're going to be confronted with choices on a regular
Uniquitie State interactive storetime as a long-from futural (see	2. Disclaimer/DAAPP	basis.
[student c]		We're going to spend the next few minutes talking about college, about having friends, about having fun, about being safe, and about following the law. A big part of that conversation will include talking about alcohol and part of the conversation includes talking about other drugs. It shouldn't surprise you the University has rules about these substances. College should represent a great time in your life, and part of the nature of college is that students will experiment with personal identity, with new ideas,

	2 Evnoctations	will form new friendships, and for some students will include experimenting with alcohol and other drugs. Even students who never use will be confronted with choices related to alcohol and other drugs on a regular basis. How you handle these upcoming choices will be an important determinant of the whole of your college experience. Our hope is that you will successfully navigate the choices that are in front of you and that you'll make good choices.
Expectations Positioned Acts Notes the University Unique	3. Expectations	
[student c]		I'm [student c], and I'm majoring in Yes, we're going to talk about decision making, about the expectations the University has for its students. There are rules that describe some things you can and can't do, and there are resources the university is going to provide to help you make better choices. That's what we expect to cover in our time today.
Medical America "Good Semintars" Immunity from Prosecution	4. Medical Amnesty	
[student a]		Before we get to any of those rules, here's the first thing you need to know. The university wants you to be safe. The university values safety of its students more than it values just enforcing of the rules. The state of North Dakota has written into state law two protocols that we call "Medical Amnesty." Sometimes, you might hear the concept referred to as a Good Samaritan Act, and the official name is actually "Immunity from Prosecution." It's an important law to know.
[student b]		Say you are at a party or at a friend's house and you recognize that somebody has OD'd on alcohol or on drugs. Not just drunk, but really in medical danger because of what or how much of something they've put into their body. If you believe someone is in danger, we want you to call 911. When you do, expect

		a police officer and an EMT to come. Once these folks show up, your friend is going to get treatment.
		Nobody there will be cited as being in possession of alcohol, not even if you're a minor. Same thing is true for drugs: if you see a friend has OD'd, please call and get help. Under state law, there is no citation. We want that person to live, for her or him to get medical treatment. In that moment, we'll set aside our concerns about the rules in order to offer that help.
		There are some restrictions – there is a technical limit to the number of people in the room and you're expected to be fully cooperative. But seriously – seriously – if your friend needs help, you should call. People are not going to get in trouble. Sometime "next week" we might ask you to take a class on alcohol or a class on drug use or have a conversation with a counselor. We're going to ask you to get the tools you need to make better choices next time, but the fact that you have helped your friend in situation A tells us that you're already thinking about safety and can use that knowledge in situation B. That's an important thing.
Expectations	5. Expectations	
		There are some expectations that you need to know about. First, there is a document called the Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities and Student Discipline Process. Yeah, it's a long name but at its heart it's the student rule book. The document includes behaviors you can't do and it describes what happens if you are observed breaking one of those rules. Most often the person that would let us know about the infraction is someone who works for the University.
		The document talks about our expectations of you as being somebody who respects others, who contributes to campus in a positive way, and who tries hard. We want our students to do well and to be people of good character.

	T	
		Some of the best ways to get the most out of college and to contribute right back to Mayville State are simple.
		Get engaged. Find some friends. Get involved in student organizations, maybe even become an officer in the organization. Be a star on your team. Work hard in the classroom. All these things are expected of you.
		Attending college at a place like Mayville State gives you a terrific chance to succeed. The size of our school means that there are no limits on the types of experiences you can have. Unlike going to a super big school, you going to have a chance to really get involved in anything, rather than being asked to specialize or limit your involvement. We hope and we expect you to try new things and explore who you might be. You'll have nothing but good experiences if you do that.
Prohibbed Acts: Nachol	6. PH – Alcohol	
		There are some rules that you need to think about. They are not complicated rules. The University has rules against people having alcohol or using alcohol anywhere on campus, and the state has a state law that says that you have to be 21 to drink or to have drunk. Understanding those rules is pretty straight forward. You have to be 21 to have a drink in North Dakota, and you can't drink anywhere on campus.
Prohibited Acts: Wastjuans	7. PH – Marijuana	
		There are some rules specific to marijuana you should know about. Anyone who pays attention knows a number of states have rolled back rules regarding marijuana and some – including North Dakota – have created a medical marijuana program. You might have or know someone who has a medical marijuana card, either from North Dakota or from other state. Regardless of whether you have a medical marijuana card, you need to know this – while on campus it

		really doesn't matter. You can't have marijuana on campus. You can't use it, you can't sell, you can't give it out, you can't use it, or anything like that. There's a federal law we identified early in the presentation, one that sets expectations of colleges across the United States. One of those expectations that if your students are going to get financial aid, you have to agree to be a drug free school, and we are one. What the federal government has told us as a school is the we cannot honor medical marijuana cards and because we can't, you can't.
Prohibbed Acts: Other ("Varder") Brugs	8. PH – Other Drugs	
		While Alcohol and Marijuana are the most common drugs on most college campuses – including ours – you should also know there are other, harder drugs.
	9. PH – Seven Types	Without getting too much in the weeds (ha ha), you can follow this link for more information.
There are seemed on a direct There of the control and a co		
		This site describes classes of drugs and the impacts that those drugs can have on your health. Just like we said about alcohol and marijuana, these drugs are also prohibited on campus. You can't have them, and if you are discovered with these drugs, it can effect your status as a student.
		You can click the link on this slide, and read about classification and types of drugs.

	T	
Penalties vs. Sanctions	10. Penalties vs. Sanctions	So we told you earlier the expectations the University has of students and the rules you are meant to follow are listed in the Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities. Sometimes student do act in ways that are approved behaviors for the University. A typical scenario might include that somebody that works as a part of our student security staff, or maybe somebody who is an RA, would be walking through a residence hall and using their every and ears, they
		residence hall and using their eyes and ears, they become aware that somebody might be breaking a rule. Maybe they heard the sound of beer bottles or a super loud stereo. That person would knock on your door, and when you answer the door they see any number of rules violations. That staff member is going to ask you for your help to end the violation – maybe something like asking you to put all your beer cans in the middle of the floor – it gives them a chance to count and to be clear about what's happening. You're always better off complying with the RA; otherwise they are instructed to call for a police officer. Anyway, they'll get a sense of what is happening, they will ask for IDs, and they will write up a report about what they know.
Sacrifica		Remember, that student employee is just doing their job. They don't really have an opportunity to break protocol; instead they are instructed to simply document what they smell, hear, see, and are told. After they write and submit the report, someone like your RD or the Director of Student Life will read it, and in the next few days that person is going to call you in. They're going to ask you for your side of the story. You'll be asked to engage in a conversation. Often at the end of this experience, both parties will agree a rule has been broken and it's likely that you're going to be given sanction. That sanction – an activity the university will expect you to do, one that is issued to you in formal statement – is almost always something educational. There is often a "probation period," were we just say we're going to watch you a little closer. There are some sanctions that are tougher: hit or

	threaten somebody and you can expect to be suspended from school. Theft will almost always have community service expectations. However, for alcohol and small amounts of drugs, students are not typically dismissed from the University for a first offense. We want you to make good decisions, which in this case would focus on you making good decisions the next time.
Percentiles * criminal filese and/or julyprison) * federal and NO trafficking penginesis (link to POE) * first and all gallity * NANX (structors arbeins) status	The slide that introduced this section was called Penalties versus Sanctions. As a general rule, we think of penalties as things that can come from sources of authorities like the state for things like alcohol possession, marijuana use, or the possession of other drugs. If a sheriff's deputy cites you, you're going to have to go to court. The penalties the court give out often include some sort of money and, in really serious situations, can involve something that is stricter. Penalties can also come from the federal financial aid program – a drug violation can effect your eligibility for financial aid; or a penalty from the NAIA strip away your chance to be on a sports team. Keep in mind the University really has no say in many penalties from outside sources.
	Penalties from the federal government area also possible if you are caught selling drugs. Follow the link below to see the Department of Justice schedule for jail time and fines for trafficking in drugs and the North Dakota penalties for drug use and trafficking.
	Let's compare penalties to sanctions, the sort of thing the university will issue. Sanctions are almost always focused on helping you make a better decision the next time, and when we issue them we also think about what is going to be safest for the university community as a whole.
	The worst sanction we have is expelling someone, and we're not going to do that for an alcohol or drug use violation. You have to hurt someone, steal from someone, threaten someone, or endanger someone to reach a point where expelling or suspending someone is the path we'll look toward.

Public Information and Campaigns about Alcohol, Drugs, and Policies	We expect and hope you're going to learn a lot in the classroom, but we also know that people learn things from observing their environment. It's not weird at all to see posters on a bulletin board or information being distributed by your RAs, information that is intended to keep you safe and help you to be productive. In addition to this type of messaging, we will send out "notifications" when they are warranted. Notification is kind of a funny word and it's used in more than one sense. One way it's used is when we do a Parental Notification - the university might make one of these notifications whenever there's a medical emergency. There's a log called FERPA, and it's qulite possible you remember this law from your high school experience. This law applies to every student in America, but importantly the "owner" of the information changes when you get to college – it belongs to the student, and no longer the parent. FERPA tells us that if you have a medical emergency, we may call your parents, and that emergency status can extend to something like an alcohol transport. Further, North Dakota state law tells us colleges are xpected to call your parents if you are transported for alcohol. That sort of notification is one use of the word.
	A different type of notification is this: there are occasions where we have to make public statements about a danger, a problem, or a school schedule change. An example is if there's an emergency going on on-campus, like a chemical accident in a chemistry lab resulting in a crazy nauseous gas. We'll use the text notification software know it should notify people to stay away from the science building. We are always aware the campus is right next to a railroad track, and it's always possible there could be a railroad car accident. To keep you safe, we might notify people about a situation.
	the rules and the fact that the rules exist. This category of notifications is not a response to inappropriate behavior, but is focused on our responsibility to expectations we have. So, yeah, we're going to send out "this rule" or "this service"

		notification from time to time, and we hope you pay attention to them. We believe that putting out public information helps people make better decisions. So you're going to see from time to time posters to talk about alcohol use for drug use or not been training for things like Sexual Assault Awareness. You want you to be safe, make good decisions. So the university has a responsibility to present information — kind of like this video — and we hope that it provides good information. There is a fourth "notification" definition, but that
	(only happens when you get in trouble. We can talk about that at a later time.
Controlling		
		There's a handful of people on campus – we call them the care team – and really those are the only people that are ever going to know about the situation when something really bad happens to you. We often hold concerning information about our students, but we don't share it with other students and seldom even share it with teachers, other professionals, or our friends who work at the university. We value your privacy, and a lot of the information we get isn't ours to share away with other people. Remember that "FERPA" conversation earlier? We aren't always in a situation to keep other students from sharing what they know – by tik tok or twitter or by old fashioned gossip, but the University will diligently protect your information when you share it with us.
304.7		
		We started this slideshow by talking about safety, at least in the form of medical amnesty. We told you that our values are the we want you to be safe before we leap to the question about whether you're in trouble or not. That always holds true. We want your safety, and that means we want you to make decisions that

	are safe. We want you to have fun, and we know that college students can be really good at having fun. We also need you to be safe, to make decisions that don't endanger you or other people. That includes making smart choices about alcohol and other drugs, and that can include saying "no" or only using in small, manageable amounts.
Contact with Cuestions Director of Student List student of Marriage Interiors a du	Welcome to Mayville State. Here. You're going to have a great time, I really do hope that you're an important and contributing member of our college community. We want you to make good decisions. I want you to have a lot of fun. We want you to be safe. We want you to be proud to be a Comet.



Mayville State University

ND University System Part 86 Compliance Checklist

Part 86, Drug-Free Schools and Campuses Regulations Compliance Checklist 2019

	1. Does the institution maintain a copy of its drug prevention program? Yes \boxtimes No \square									
ıу	f yes, where is it located? https://mayvillestate.edu/student-resources/sexual-violence-substance-abuse-prevention-resources/									
2.	mo	Does the institution provide <i>annually</i> to <i>each employee</i> and <i>each student</i> , who is taking one or more classes for any type of academic credit except for continuing education units, written materials that adequately describe and contain the following?								
	a.	a. Standards of conduct that prohibit unlawful possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol on its property or as a part of its activities								
		Students: Yes ⊠	No □	Staff and Faculty: Yes \boxtimes	No □					
	b.	A description of talcohol	he health risks asso	ociated with the use of illicit	drugs and the abuse of					
		Students: Yes ⊠	No □	Staff and Faculty: Yes \boxtimes	No □					
	c.	A description of a	applicable legal san	ctions under local, state, or	federal law					
		Students: Yes ⊠	No □	Staff and Faculty: Yes \boxtimes	No □					
	d.	A description of a	pplicable counselir	ng, treatment, or rehabilitat	ion or re-entry programs					
		Students: Yes ⊠	No □	Staff and Faculty: Yes \boxtimes	No □					
	e. A clear statement of the disciplinary sanctions the institution will impose on students and employees, and a description of those sanctions									
		Students: Yes ⊠	No □	Staff and Faculty: Yes \boxtimes	No □					
	Any comments or clarifications on items 2 a-e: Comes in the form of an Email. See attatched.									
3.	Arc	e the above materi	als distributed to st	udents in one of the followi	ng ways?					
	a.	Mailed to each stu Yes ⊠ No □	udent (separately o	r included in another mailir	ng)					
	b.	Through campus Yes □ No ⊠	post offices boxes							
	c.	Class schedules w Yes □ No ⊠	hich are mailed to	each student						

	d.	During freshman orientation Yes □ No ⊠					
	e.	During new student orientation $Yes \ \Box No \ \boxtimes$					
	f.	In another manner Yes □ No ⊠					
		Any comments or clarifications on items 3 a-f: d & e are verbally discussed and people are pointed toward the website. No other information is given at that time.					
4.		es the means of distribution provide reasonable assurance that each student receives the iterials annually? Yes \boxtimes No \square					
5.		es the institution's distribution plan make provisions for providing these materials to dents who enroll at some date after the initial distribution?					
		Students are emailed on the 8^{th} day of class and you can register up until the 10^{th} day of class.					
6.	6. Are the above materials distributed to staff and faculty in one of the following ways?						
	a.	Mailed Staff: Yes □ No ☒ Faculty: Yes □ No ☒					
	b.	Through campus post office boxes Staff: Yes □ No ⊠ Faculty: Yes □ No ⊠					
	c.	During new employee orientation Staff: Yes □ No ⊠ Faculty: Yes □ No ⊠					
	d. In another manner Faculty and staff are CC'd or sent the same email on the same day as students						
	An	y comments or clarifications on items 6 a-d: none					
7.		es the means of distribution provide reasonable assurance that each staff and faculty ember receives the materials annually?					
	Sta	ff: Yes \boxtimes No \square Faculty: Yes \boxtimes No \square					
8.		s the institution's distribution plan make provisions for providing these materials to staff faculty who are hired after the initial distribution?					
		iff: Yes \boxtimes No \square Faculty: Yes \boxtimes No \square					
		nail is distributed on the 8 th day of both the fall and spring semester, therefore any faculty member t starts after the first semester would be emailed in January.					

a.	Conduct st	udent a	alcohol an	d drug use survey		
	Yes ⊠ N	lo □				
b.	Conduct or	pinion s	survey of i	its students, staff, and faculty	y	
	Students: Y	es 🗵	No □	Staff and Faculty: Yes \boxtimes	No □	
c.	Evaluate co	ommen	ts obtaine	d from a suggestion box		
	Students: Y	es 🗵	No □	Staff and Faculty: Yes \boxtimes	No □	
d.	Conduct fo	cus gro	oups			
	Students: Y	es 🗵	No □	Staff and Faculty: Yes \boxtimes	No □	
e.	Conduct in	tercep	t interviev	vs		
	Students: Y	es 🗵	No □	Staff and Faculty: Yes \boxtimes	No □	
f.		ctivene	ss of docu	mented mandatory drug trea	atment referrals for students and	
	employees Students: Y	es 🗵	No □	Staff and Faculty: Yes ⊠	No □	
g.	Assess effective employees	ctivene	ss of docu	mented cases of disciplinary	sanctions imposed on students and	
	Students: Y	es 🗵	No □	Staff and Faculty: Yes \boxtimes	No □	
	The biennia	l reviev nayville	w is located	ions on items 9 a-g: d in an internal server on share ws/departments/StudentLife/B	epoint. See attatched link: iennial%20Review%20Documents/Fo	
				ing the biennial reviews?		
	rector of Stud					
	-			made available, to the Secre rention program and the resu	tary and the public, a copy of each	
	s □ No □			ention program and the rest	nts of the blenmar review.	
Wi	ll comply wit	th requ	est.			
Na	me: Biennial			ocumentation located?		
Sit	e: ps://my.mayvillestate.edu/ws/departments/StudentLife/Biennial%20Review%20Documents/Form					
	<u>rrent.aspx</u>	mestat	<u>c.caa/ ws/c</u>	icpartments/StudentEne/Bieni	rial /020Review /020Documents/1 offins	
De	partment: Stu	ident L	ife			
	one: () nail: Jeffrey.p	OWA11) mayyillo	etate edu		
ш	ιαπ. συπτυγ.μ	,O W C11 @	s may vincs	nuic.cuu		

9. In what ways does the institution conduct biennial reviews of its drug prevention program to

13.	Comments	or	clarifications	on any	above	items:

N/A